Model Questions of Zoology Hons.

CC-IV (Animal physiology)

- 1. What is epithelial tissue ? State its characters.
- 2. Mention the different types of Epithelial tissues with examples.
- 3. What is stratified epithelium ?
- 4. What are apocrine, merocrine and holocrine glands? Give examples.
- 5. What are the characters of Connective tissue ?
- 6. What are the differences between epithelial and connective tissue ?
- 7. State types of connective tissues with examples.
- 8. What is collagen and reticular fibers ?
- 9. What is extracellular matrix ? State its components.
- 10. Mention different types of cartilages with figures.
- 11. State the characters and components of bone.
- 12. Why blood is regarded as connective tissue ?
- 13. What is the origin of epithelial tissues ?
- 14. What is the origin of connective tissues ?
- 15. Describe the components of blood.
- 16. What is the source of blood formation?
- 17. What is platelet ? State their origin and function ?
- 18. What are the functions of different WBCs ?
- 19. What is intercalated discs ?
- 20. What is cross striations ?
- 21. State the characters of different muscles ?
- 22. Which muscle cell additionally have endocrine function ?
- 23. State the ultrastucture of skeletal muscle.
- 24. What is actin, myosin?
- 25. Describe the role of Calcium in muscle contraction.
- 26. What is motor unit ?

- 27. State the structural organization of human GI tract.
- 28. How digestion occurs within GI tract ?
- 29. State different parts of Stomach.
- 30. State the structural organization of small and large intestine.
- 31. How nutrients are absorbed through small intestine ?
- 32. Tabulate different GI enzymes according to origin and functions.
- 33. How hormones regulate GI enzyme secretion ?
- 34. State the histological structure of mammalian Lung.
- 35. State the mechanism of respiration ? How is it regulated ?
- 36. Describe different respiratory volumes.
- 37. What is hemoglobin ? State structure and function with diagram.
- 38. What is hemocyanine?
- 39. How much molecular oxygen a single hemoglobin can carry ?
- 40. What are the different types of hemoglobin?
- 41. How oxygen is transported in blood?
- 42. How CO_2 is transported in blood ?
- 43. State O₂/CO₂ dissociation curves and the factors affecting it.
- 44. What is the reason of having different Blood groups (ABO) ?
- 45. What is Rh factor and Bombay phenotype?
- 46. State structure of human heart.
- 47. What is SA, AV node ? Function ?
- 48. What is chordae tendineae ? State function.
- 49. How cardiac impulses travels far from source ?
- 50. State origin and conduction of cardiac impulse.
- 51. What is cardiac cycle ?
- 52. What is cardiac output ? How is it regulated ?

CC-IV (Animal physiology)

- 53. What is Frank-Sterling law?
- 54. Describe structure of Kidney and Nephron ?
- 55. How urine is formed ? How is it regulated ?
- 56. Describe histological structures of Testis and Ovary ?
- 57. What is cumulus oophorus ?
- 58. What is Seminiferous tubule?
- 59. What is Sertoli cell ? State its function.
- 60. How sperm cell is formed ?
- 61. What is the function of Leydig cell?
- 62. What is spermatogonial cell and its function ?
- 63. What is ovarian follicles ? State the types.
- 64. What kind of cells can be found in mature follicles ?
- 65. What is Graafian follicle?
- 66. What is corpus luteum ? State function.
- 67. From where estrogen, progesterone are secreted ?
- 68. What is menstrual cycle ? How is it hormonally regulated ?
- 69. What is estrous cycle?
- 70. What is endocrine, exocrine, paracrine, and autocrine gland ?
- 71. What is melatonin ? State its function.
- 72. Why melatonin is regarded as Hormone of Dracula ?
- 73. State ultrastructure of Pituitary, thyroid, pancreas and adrenal gland with diagrams. Tabulate the hormones secreted by them and mention their functions.
- 74. What is feedback regulation of hormone secretion ?
- 75. Classify hormones on the basis of their chemical nature and size.
- 76. What is steroid hormone ? Mention their mode of action ?
- 77. What is signal transduction ?

- 78. How anterior pituitary hormone secretion are regulated ?
- 79. What is the chemical nature of Thyroxine ?
- 80. Why pancreas is called mixed gland?
- 81. What are the structural units of Thyroid, Pancreas, Testis and Ovary ?
- 82. What is Islets of Langerhans?
- 83. What kind of cells are present in Islets of Langerhans ?
- 84. What is androgen ?
- 85. What are minerelocorticoid and glucocorticoid ?Where is it formed ?
- 86. Name 2 neuroendocrine hormone ?
- 87. What is Gigantism, exophthalmic goiter ?
- 88. Name the placental hormones ? Mention their functions.
- 89. Describe the structure of neuron?
- 90. What is axon hillock ?
- 91. What is membrane potential?
- 92. What is action potential?
- 93. What is threshold of excitation ?
- 94. What is membrane depolarization ?
- 95. How Na⁺/K⁺-ATPase generates action potential ?
- 96. How nerve impulse conduction occurs through myelinated and non-myelinated neurons ?
- 97. What is Schwann cell ? State function.
- 98. What is Nodes of Ranvier ?
- 99. What is salutatory conduction?
- 100. What is synapse ? Mention types.
- 101. What is electrical synapse ?
- 102. What is neurotransmitter ? Give examples.
- 103. How acetylcholine conducts nerve impulse through synapse ?
- 104. How action potential is generated in post-synaptic membrane ?
- 105. Mention structure of Neuromuscular junction.